: Total population

2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

		Alaska	
1		Estimate	Margin of Error
49	Total:	738,432	****
of 49	Male:	388,695	+/-1,732
43	Under 5 years	27,883	+/-946
	5 to 9 years	26,777	+/-1,884
	10 to 14 years	25,914	+/-1,975
	15 to 17 years	15,522	+/-909
	18 and 19 years	11,287	+/-1,500
	20 years	7,908	+/-1,491
	21 years	7,159	+/-1,386
	22 to 24 years	21,909	+/-1,828
	25 to 29 years	33,887	+/-1,204
	30 to 34 years	30,046	+/-1,269
	35 to 39 years	26,006	+/-1,808
	40 to 44 years	21,772	+/-1,718
	45 to 49 years	22,271	+/-1,062
	50 to 54 years	26,194	+/-990
	55 to 59 years	25,185	+/-1,571
	60 and 61 years	10,403	+/-1,279
	62 to 64 years	13,524	+/-1,394
	65 and 66 years	6,592	+/-812
	67 to 69 years	8,839	+/-928
	70 to 74 years	9,494	+/-950
	75 to 79 years	4,699	+/-719
	80 to 84 years	3,220	+/-602
	85 years and over	2,204	+/-704
	Female:	349,737	+/-1,732
	Under 5 years	26,878	+/-993
	5 to 9 years	25,525	+/-1,839
	10 to 14 years	22,836	+/-1,586
	15 to 17 years	15,056	+/-1,094
	18 and 19 years	8,512	+/-893
	20 years	4,742	+/-961
	21 years	5,734	+/-1,054
	22 to 24 years	15,267	+/-1,388
	25 to 29 years	28,960	+/-1,076
	30 to 34 years	25,885	+/-1,038
	35 to 39 years	22,807	+/-1,917
	40 to 44 years	21,071	+/-1,638
	45 to 49 years	21,255	+/-902
	50 to 54 years	23,606	+/-687
	55 to 59 years	25,470	+/-1,366
	60 and 61 years	9,699	+/-1,177
	62 to 64 years	10,474	+/-1,256
	65 and 66 years	5,761	+/-957
	67 to 69 years	8,416	+/-899
	70 to 74 years	9,016	+/-1,117
	75 to 79 years	4,875	+/-832
	80 to 84 years	4,509	+/-743
	85 years and over	3,383	+/-688

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

## Explanation of Symbols:

An \*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An \*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An \*\*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.